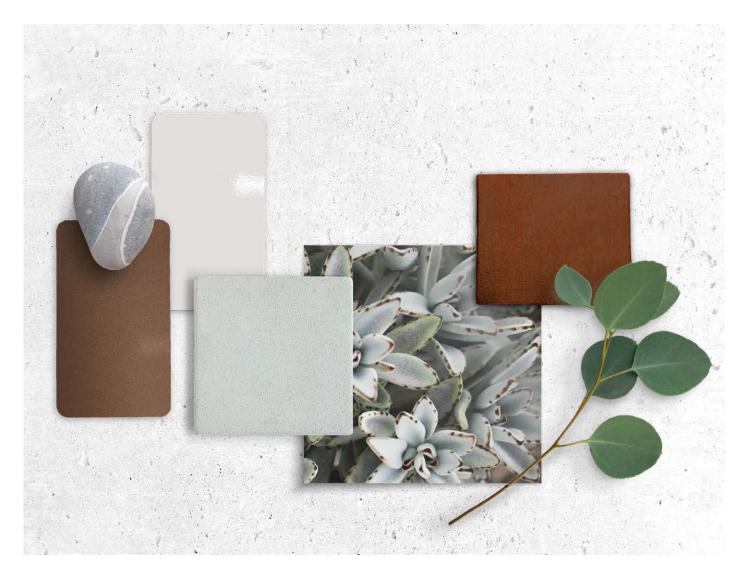
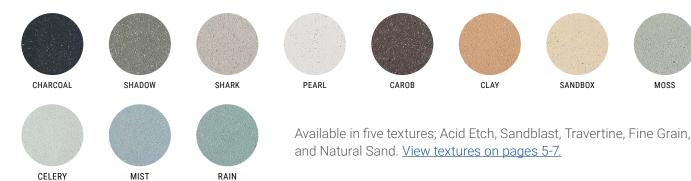
Materials & Finishes



GFRC LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE FRP FIBERGLASS POWDER-COATED ALUMINUM & STEEL GREENSCREEN TRELLIS WEATHERING STEEL WOOD VARIETIES RECYCLED PLASTIC LUMBER This document is intended as an overview of our materials & finishes. Images of samples are provided as a guide. Physical samples and swatch books can be ordered on our website at tournesol.com/finishes.

For more information about our materials, see tournesol.com/care.



FRP - Fiberglass



GFRC Lightweight Concrete

Our GFRC products are cast in our plant in Juarez, Mexico. GFRC is glass fiber reinforced concrete. It's made by combining a mixture of fine sand, cement, polymer, water, other admixtures, and alkali-resistant glass fibers.

FRP Fiberglass

Our commercial-grade FRP planters are highly durable, last longer than plastic, and will endure in most winter climates. Our labor-intensive process results in a uniform, consistent quality product. Available in three textures; Smooth, Rough Stucco, and Orange Peel.





Powder-Coat - Aluminum & Steel

Greenscreen Trellis More information on page 15









Weathering Steel



Our weathering steel products are A588 and A606 grade, shipped un-weathered with the natural mill scale finish. The presence of scale will affect the appearance of rust. These products may begin to rust in transit. Although the initial rust patina develops within weeks, complete rusting may take years to advance.

More information on page 16

Wood More information on page 17







CEDAR

Recycled Plastic More information on page 18



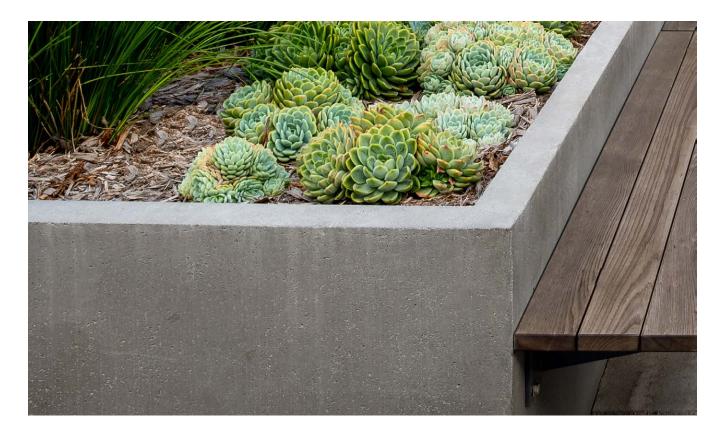


IPE









Glass Fiber Reinforced Concrete - GFRC

We cast GFRC products in our plant in Juarez, Mexico. GFRC is glass fiber reinforced concrete and is made by combining a mixture of lightfast pigments, fine sand, cement, polymer, water, and alkali-resistant glass fibers.

Our GFRC products are available in five textures and a palette of colors. See all of these textures and colors on our Samples & Finishes page.

The glass fibers used in GFRC help give this unique compound its strength. Alkali-resistant fibers act as the principal tensile load-carrying member, while the polymer and concrete matrix bind the threads together and helps transfer loads from one fiber to another. Without fibers, GFRC would not possess its strength and would be more prone to breakage and cracking.

GFRC products have the appearance of poured concrete but are lighter and stronger. Thin layers of materials are hand-applied to mold interiors with added strength from layers of fiberglass. Our production process is different for each of our GFRC textures. All GFRC products include binders to resist cracking and efflorescence.

Interior Sealant

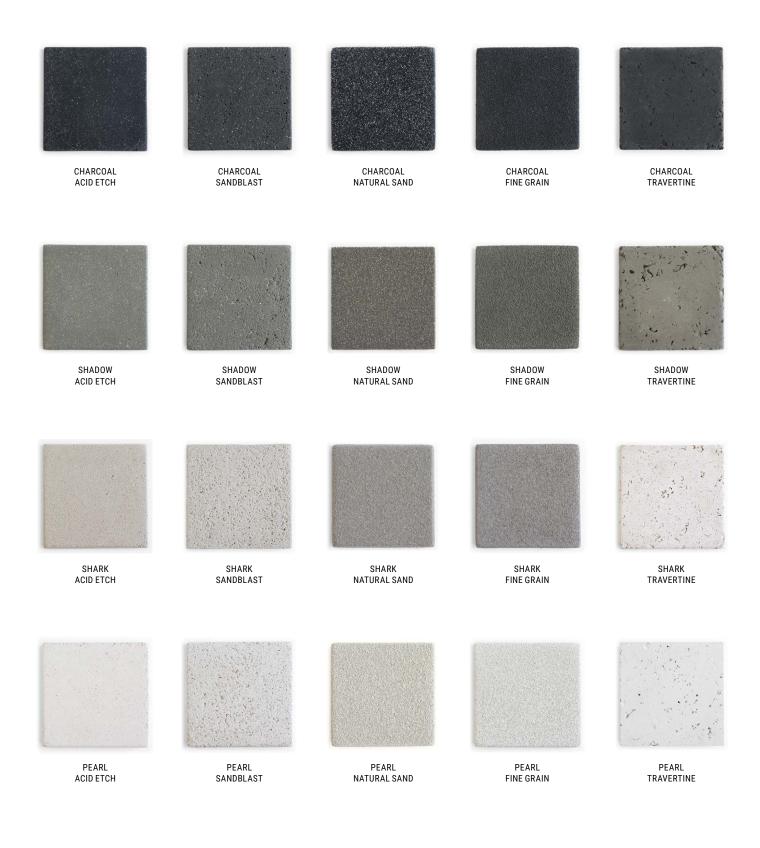
Once cast, our planters have an interior sealant added as a water-resistant, damp-proofing layer to prevent most efflorescence and cracking.

Optional Waterproofing

TourneSeal, an optional waterproofing, can be applied to the planter interior. Once coated, we test for watertightness and recommend our customers do an additional test after installation before filling.

Exterior Sealant

Concrete is a porous surface that absorbs moisture and minerals, which can cause changes to the surface appearance. To preserve original appearance, our GFRC is sealed with clear concrete sealer.

















Fiberglass - FRP

Our commercial-grade FRP planters are highly durable, last longer than plastic, and will endure in most winter climates. Our labor-intensive process results in a uniform, consistent quality product; a great lightweight choice for rooftop applications. FRP is available in 3 textures; Smooth, Rough Stucco, and Orange Peel.



IRON SMOOTH



IRON ROUGH STUCCO



IRON ORANGE PEEL



BRONZE SMOOTH



BRONZE ROUGH STUCCO



BRONZE ORANGE PEEL



SILVER SMOOTH



SILVER ROUGH STUCCO



SILVER ORANGE PEEL

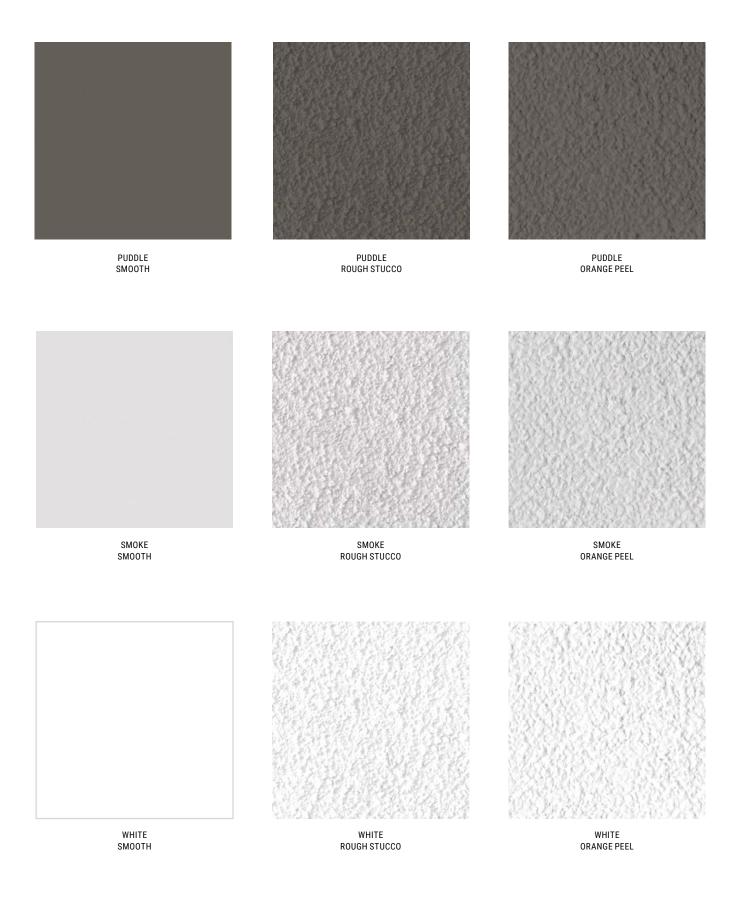




SHARK ROUGH STUCCO SHARK ORANGE PEEL

SHARK SMOOTH









CHOCOLATE SMOOTH



CHOCOLATE ROUGH STUCCO



CHOCOLATE ORANGE PEEL



TERRA COTTA SMOOTH



TERRA COTTA ROUGH STUCCO



TERRA COTTA ORANGE PEEL



REED SMOOTH



REED ROUGH STUCCO

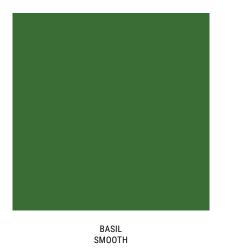


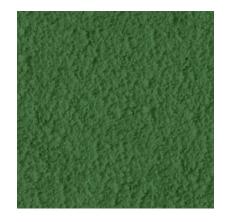
ORANGE PEEL







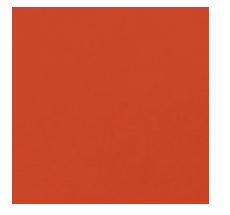




BASIL ROUGH STUCCO



BASIL ORANGE PEEL



TOMATO SMOOTH



TOMATO ROUGH STUCCO



TOMATO ORANGE PEEL



ROYALTY SMOOTH



ROYALTY ROUGH STUCCO



ROYALTY ORANGE PEEL







Greenscreen[®] Trellis

Our rigid and lightweight three-dimensional trellis panels are fabricated from 14-gauge galvanized steel wire in accordance with ASTM A641. The wire is welded at intersections to form a 2" x 2" face grid on the front and back of each panel. Bent wire trusses are spaced at 2" centers and welded to the front and back of each face grid at the truss apex, separating the two face grids and creating their 3" depth. Panels are made to order, customizable, and powder-coated. Panels can be installed horizontally or vertically, mounted to walls or between posts, as infill or overhead with steel supports





Weathering Steel

Weathering steel allows increased resistance to atmospheric corrosion compared to other steels. The steel forms a protective layer on its surface under the influence of the weather. The layer protecting the surface develops and regenerates continuously - the steel can rust to form a protective coating. All rust is water-soluble.

Our steel planter walls begin as steel sheets; the walls are precision cut to specified dimensions on a lasercutter, then formed, meticulously assembled, and precisely welded. Metal planters are most vulnerable at their base; at Tournesol, we create our steel planters with stainless steel bases to extend planter life and reduce rust and staining of adjacent surfaces. Our weathering steel products are A588 and A606 grade, shipped un-weathered with the natural mill scale finish. The presence of scale will affect the appearance of rust. These products may begin to rust in transit. Although the initial rust patina develops within weeks, complete rusting may take years to advance. The uniformity of the rust finish and rate of rust formation varies considerably based on environmental conditions, including humidity, salt (seashore), and temperature elements at the installation location. Weathering Steel oxidizes from a vibrant orange to a deep red-orange/ darker brown color. Its warm industrial aesthetic is a favorite of many landscape architects.





Thermally Modified Hardwood

Our thermally modified wood is manufactured from hardwoods harvested in the Northeast, typically Oak. The wood is thermally processed in a kiln, producing a deep, rich color. Color and grain vary.

Like all natural wood products, thermally modified wood will turn silver/gray once exposed to UV sunlight.

For more info: tournesol.com/fabrication-and-materials



Red Cedar

A softwood tree, highly valued for its resistance to decay and insects, durability, and attractive reddishbrown color. The wood is lightweight yet solid and stable, with a straight, uniform grain and a fine, even texture. Red Cedar has a pleasant, distinctive aroma due to the natural oils that help protect it from decay and insects.



Douglas Fir

A coniferous, softwood tree commonly found in western North America, Douglas Fir is a strong and dense wood with a high stiffness-to-weight ratio. It has a straight grain and a moderately coarse texture with a reddishbrown color. Highly resistant to decay and insect damage, its properties present strength, durability, and versatility for outdoor applications.



Ipe

A hardwood native to Central and South America, Ipe is highly valued for its resistance to moisture, insects, and decay; its extreme durability includes resistance to dents and scratches. Ipe has a dense, tight grain with a rich, dark brown color. The wood is very hard and heavy, with natural oils that help it remain durable and protected in inclement weather, fungal decay, and water damage





CEDAR



DARK BROWN



GRAY



WEATHERED WOOD

Recycled Plastic Lumber

Our recycled plastic lumber is a milk-bottle based, recycled plastic lumber which maintains its structure and durability.

This recycled plastic lumber is 90% recyclable, and 90% is post-consumer content and and reduces the demand for virgin plastic or wood.

Utilizing recycled plastic lumber helps divert plastics from landfills, reducing environmental pollution and promoting waste management. Reduction of Environmental Impact: Choosing recycled plastic lumber for park furniture and other applications helps minimize environmental damage by avoiding the depletion of natural resources and reducing energy consumption.

Durability and Longevity: Recycled plastic lumber is resistant to cracking, splitting, and rot, which enhances its lifespan compared to traditional wood materials, reducing the need for frequent replacements and conserving resources in the long term.